

# Pall Corporation

# Profile<sup>®</sup>II Filters

Absolute Rated, Economical, High Efficiency Depth Filter Cartridges



### Description -- Profile® II Filters

#### Each Profile® II element has...

An inner (downstream) section in which the pore diameter is constant. This section provides absolute rated filtration.

#### and...

An outer (upstream) section in which the pore diameter varies continuously from that of the absolute rated section up to 120 micrometers\* (µm).

An absolute rating, which may only be assigned to a filter with a fixed pore structure, assures consistent, high quality filtration. The upstream section provides effective prefiltration for every particle with a diameter larger than the rated size. The continuity of the variable pore section, its wide range of pore sizes, and its depth, combine to provide extraordinarily long life in service.

Pore size variation within the Profile II medium is achieved by varying the fiber diameter, while maintaining uniform density — and hence, uniform compressibility. Profile II elements contain effective pore sizes varying over a range as much as 40 to 1, a ratio many times higher than is achievable by simply varying density. Because uniform density and compressibility are maintained, Profile II elements can be made at lower density, and for this reason, have higher void volume — which means more pores and longer service life. No other competitive filter is made with this type of construction.

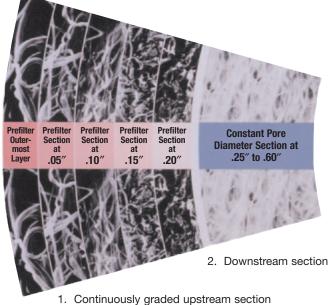
The thinner the fiber used to manufacture a fibrous structure, the greater the number of pores within the structure. A medium with more pores will provide greater service life. Also, the thinner the fibers, the

smaller the pores within a medium. Profile II filter medium is constructed of ultra-thin fibers. As a result, the finest grade of the Profile II series of elements achieves an absolute rating of 0.3  $\mu m$ . No commercially available competitive filter of similar appearance which we have tested provided absolute removal efficiency below about 5  $\mu m$ .

Profile II cartridge filters are available in polypropylene, nylon, polyphenylene sulfide and positively charged polypropylene. The positively charged polypropylene Profile II-Plus™ cartridges provide enhanced removal of bacteria, viruses, bacterial endotoxins and particles which are negatively charged in suspension (most particles). The materials of construction for Profile II Plus filters differ from polypropylene Profile II cartridges only with respect to the modified acrylic-derived polymers which are permanently grafted to the continuous polypropylene fibers and which provide the positive zeta potential in aqueous service. The fibers in all Profile II filters may for all practical purposes be considered continuous. No surfactant or binder resin is used — the fibers are "bonded" by intertwining during the manufacturing process.

Profile II filters have a low level of extractables and due to the choice of available materials of construction they have wide temperature and chemical compatibility. Based on the widely accepted modified F-2 Filter Performance Test, when compared at equal efficiency, Profile II elements can be expected to yield longer service cycles, in some cases by factors of six or more, compared with existing products of similar physical appearance.

 $<sup>^*</sup>$  One micrometer (µm) referenced as a micron, is 1/1000 of a millimeter or 1/25,400 of an inch. The smallest visible particle is about 30 to 50 µm in diameter.





Profile II RF Style Filter

### **Applications**



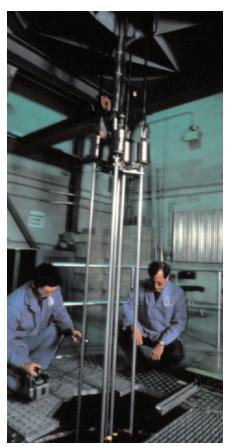




Wine and Beer Filtration



Automotive Paint Filtration



Coolant Water Filtration at a Nuclear Plant

Profile II cartridges and Profile II Plus cartridge filters may be utilized either upstream of finer Profile II filters or finer pleated filters — or alone as final filters. Representative applications include:

**General Service:** rinse water, reverse osmosis system prefiltration, water — prior to and/or after demineralization.

**General Process Industries:** printing inks, adhesives, liquid detergents, dyestuffs, fabric coatings, paper coatings, electroplating solutions, metal etching solutions, audio and video tape, automotive paints, can coatings, coil coatings, computer tape coatings, floppy and rigid disc coating, chemicals for photographic film development.

**Electronic Industries:** photoresists, acids, bases, solvents, etchant liquid mixtures, cryogenic gases, etchant gases, D.I. water prefiltration and post filtration, R.O. water prefiltration, prefiltration prior to absolute filtration.

#### **Chemical/Petrochemical Industries:**

monoethanolamine and diethanolamine for gas scrubbing, monomers, polymers, glycols, herbicides and pesticides, catalysts, product polishing, photoresists, acids, bases, solvents, deep disposal well fluids.

Film and Fiber Industries: monomers, quench water, slurry additives, delusterants, slip agents, D.I. water, solvents, spin finishes, aqueous salt solutions.

**Power Generation Industries:** makeup water, laundry drain waste water, steam generator blowdown prefilters, filter demineralizer septa.

**Pharmaceutical Industry:** small and large volume parenterals, ophthalmics, oral medications.

**Biological Industry:** serum and serum fractions, tissue culture media, vaccine preparations, microbiological growth media, media makeup water, diagnostic sera.

**Veterinary Industries:** parenterals, therapeutic sera.

**Fermentation Industries:** liquid growth media, makeup water, intermediates, final liquid products, additives.

**Food and Beverage Industries:** bottled water, wine, beer, soft drinks, flavors, storage tank/reactor vents, corn syrup, edible oils, milk and distilled spirits.

# Features and Benefits

Features	Advantages	Benefits
Absolute Rated Medium	<ul> <li>Consistent, verifiable filtration due to fixed pore structure.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Reproducible production yields and absolute particle retention.</li> </ul>
Constant Density Medium with Tapered Pores	Longer service life — in some cases by factors of six times or greater.	<ul><li>Lower filtration costs per year.</li><li>Lower waste disposal costs per year.</li><li>Quicker filling rates.</li></ul>
Small Diameter Fibers in Medium	<ul> <li>Longer service life.</li> <li>Finer removal ratings than generally available.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Lower yearly filtration costs.</li> <li>Fewer filtration stages. <ul> <li>lower filtration costs</li> <li>less downtime</li> </ul> </li> <li>Elimination or reduction of recirculation to achieve product clarity.</li> <li>Improved product yields.</li> </ul>
No Surfactants or Binders	Low extractables.	Consistent production yields and quality.
Polypropylene Medium	<ul><li>Wide chemical compatibility.</li><li>Can remove trace quantities of oil.</li></ul>	<ul><li>Multiple applications within one plant.</li><li>Reduced crater defects with paints.</li></ul>
Polypropylene Medium Available with a Positive Charge	<ul> <li>Enhanced removal of particles in aqueous fluids.</li> </ul>	<ul><li>Improved product yields.</li><li>Lower yearly filtration costs.</li></ul>
Continuous Fibers	No media migration.	<ul><li>Improved reliability.</li><li>Consistent production yields and quality.</li></ul>
Materials of Construction are FDA Listed	<ul> <li>Cartridge is appropriate for use in the pharmaceutical, biological, and food &amp; beverage industries.</li> </ul>	Consistent, high quality filtration in stringent applications.
Available in a "P" Option for Pharmaceutical Applications	<ul> <li>Quality Control Procedures:         <ol> <li>Manufacturing in controlled environment by specially trained personnel.</li> <li>Statistical testing of filter effluent for:</li></ol></li></ul>	Performance tested.
Manufacturing Facilities in the U.S. and Europe	<ul><li>Consistent product quality.</li><li>Continuous product availability.</li></ul>	Consistent production yields.

### Styles

Style: RF Style

**Description:** Double open-ended, 2-1/2" diameter element. The cartridge is constructed of either polypropylene, nylon, polyphenylene sulfide or positively charged polypropylene medium. Cartridge sealing is ensured by using a tie-rod seal nut in a Pall Profile II housing and by spring engaged knife edge sealing surfaces in competitive housings. The polypropylene cartridge is also available with elastomeric gaskets heat welded to each end. This cartridge may be used in competitive cartridge housings with blunt knife edge sealing surfaces, where cartridge to housing fluid bypass is suspected.

Service: General Industrial

Housing: See Table 7



RF Style Profile II filter cartridges available in 10", 20", 30" and 40" lengths.

Style: AB Style - Code 3, 7, 8

**Description:** Single open-ended, 2-3/4" diameter element with double external O-rings at one end. Available in polypropylene and positively charged polypropylene medium.

**Service:** Most commonly used in pharmaceutical, food & beverage and electronic applications. The cartridge may be hot water sanitized. Only P grade filters may be *in-situ* steam sterilized.

This style cartridge is also recommended for applications where the filters are heated for any reason above 122°F (50°C) and the temperature is then reduced by 36°F (20°C) or more prior to filtration.

Housing: See Table 7



AB Style Code 7 Profile II filter cartridges available in 10", 20", 30" and 40" lengths.



The distinctive fin at one end of the filter cartridge identifies it as a Pall product and is a trademark of Pall Corporation.

### **Ordering Information**

#### **Filter Selection Guidelines**

For optimum efficiency and throughput, it is recommended that you select a filtration scheme based on flow and differential pressure requirements.

To select your filter simply:

A. Select desired level of filtration (refer to Table 8 for reference).

**B.** Select filter cartridge style and grade by referring to Tables 1, 2, 3, 4 and 5.

C. Confirm that the Profile II filter medium selected is compatible with the fluid and the operating temperature. See Table 9.

**D.** Determine the required number of 10 inch filter modules by dividing the system flow rate by the typical flow rate per 10 inch module given in Table 6. Calculate the clean pressure drop to verify that it is acceptable.

**E.** Refer to Table 7 for ordering information on housings. Determine stacking array (number of cartridges and length) of RF or AB series filter element(s) for selected housing.

**F.** Refer to Table 2 to complete ordering information for desired filter element(s).

For example: You require a filter cartridge for 40 µm removal in an RF style. Your flow rate is 100 gpm. Therefore, from Table 6 you require approximately 6-10, 10" filter modules (100 gpm divided by 15 gpm per 10" cartridge). From Table 7, you require a P04 housing which can accept four 20" or 30" filter cartridges. Four 20" filter cartridges (8, 10" filter modules) meet your requirements.

The part number for your filter cartridge would be:

#### R2F400

The part number stands for:

R: style-retrofit 2: 20" length

**F400**: 40 µm absolute rated, polypropylene Profile II

### Table 1 – Maximum Operating Conditions

Cartridge <sup>1</sup>	Materials of Construction		Maximum	Temperature	
	Medium	Support Core	Differential Pressure <sup>2</sup> (psid)	°F	°C
Polypropylene Profile II	Polypropylene	Polypropylene	15	180	82
			30 50	158 122	70 50
			60	86	30
	_		00		
Profile II Plus	Polypropylene with	Polypropylene	15	180	82
	positive zeta potential	- 311-3	30	158	70
			50	122	50
			60	86	30
Nylon Profile II	Nylon	Glass filled	35	180	82
,	, ,	polypropylene	50	158	70
		. ,,	75	86	30
	Nylon	Glass filled	50	300	150
	·	nylon	70	212	100
		-	80	158	70
			90	86	
Profile A/S	Polyphenylene Sulfide	316L Stainless Steel	30	400	205
			40	200	93

P grade AB Style elements can be heated to 125°C (257°F), for example during *in-situ* steam sterilization or in an autoclave, and subsequently cooled to ambient temperature prior to use. AB style elements may be constructed of either a polypropylene or a positively charged polypropylene medium.
 For higher differential ratings and for compatible fluids, Profile II cartridges are available with glass filled polypropylene cores on a special order basis. Please contact

the Pall Sales Department or your local distributor.

# A. Polypropylene and Positively Charged Polypropylene Profile II Element Part Numbers

Removal Rating (µm)	RF and RMF Series	AB Series Code 3,7,8 -Hot water sanitization -In situ steam sterilization (P grade only)
0.31	_	AB ▲ Y003 ● ▼ <b>+</b> ★
0.51	R ■ ▲ F 005 >	AB ▲ Y005 ● ▼ <b>+</b> ★
0.71	_	AB ▲ Y007 ● ▼ <b>+</b> ★
1	R ■ ▲ F 010 ● >	AB ▲ Y010 ● ▼ <b>+</b> ★
3	R ■ ▲ F 030 ● >	AB ▲ Y030 ● ▼ <b>+</b> ★
5	R ■ ▲ F 050 ● >	AB ▲ Y050 ● ▼ <b>+</b> ★
7	R ■ ▲ F 070 >	AB ▲ Y070 ▼ <b>+</b> ★
10	R ■ ▲ F 100 >	
12	R ■ ▲ F 120 >	
15	R ■ ▲ F 150 >	
20	R ■ ▲ F 200 >	
30	R ■ ▲ F 300 >	
40	R ■ ▲ F 400 >	
70	R ■ ▲ F 700 >	
90 <sup>1</sup>	R ■ ▲ F 900 >	
120 <sup>1</sup>	R ■ ▲ F 1200 >	

#### <sup>1</sup> Extrapolated values.

#### **B. Nylon Profile II Element Part Numbers**

Removal Rating (µm)	RFN Element Part Number	
5	R <b>* ◆</b> FN050	
10	R <b>★ ♦</b> FN100	
20	R <b>* ◆</b> FN200	
30	R <b>★ ◆</b> FN300	
40	R <b>★ ◆</b> FN400	
70	R <b>* →</b> FN700	

#### C. Profile A/S Element Part Numbers

Removal Rating (µm)	RFN Element Part Number
5	RLS → FPS050
10 20	RLS ◆ FPS100 BLS ◆ FPS200
40	RLS → FPS400
70	RLS ♦ FPS700

O-Ring	Code
Option	*
Silicone -	H4
standard	
Viton A	Н
Ethylene	J
Propylene	

Nominal	Code
Length,	<b>*</b>
(Inches)	
10	1
20	2
30	3
40	4

Charge	Code
Option	
Positive Zeta	Z
Potential	

Application	Code +
Pharmaceutical	Р
Other	Omit

Adaptor	Adaptor	O-ring	Code
Materials	Configuration	Size	
Polypropylene	Flat top,	222	3
	double O-ring		
Polypropylene	Finned end	226	7
	bayonet lock,		
	double O-ring		
Polypropylene	Finned end,	222	8
	double O-ring		

Inner Core	Code
Material	*
Construction	^
Glass Filled	GY
Polypropylene	
(Standard)	
Glass Filled	GN
Nylon	
(Option)	

Gasket	Code
Material	>
Alloy of	H21
Polypropylene	
and Ethylene	
Propylene	
Diene	
Monomer	
(EPDM)	

Nominal	Code
Length	
(Inches)	
10	1
20	2
30	3
40	4

Gasket	Code
None	No
	Symbol
Elastometric	M**
Material*	

Provides a positive sealing surface to eliminate potential fluid bypass in competitive housings with blunt knife edges.

<sup>\*\*</sup> When the M symbol is selected the part number must end in H21 code.

### Table 3 - Profile II Filter Cartridges Removal Ratings

O-statutura	Liquid Sen	vice Removal Ratio	Gaseous Service		
Cartridge Grade	90%	99%	99.9%	99.98%	DOP (0.3 µm) Removal Efficiency (%) <sup>3</sup>
003	<0.51	<0.51	<0.51	<0.51	>99.9999
005	< 0.51	< 0.51	< 0.51	< 0.51	>99.9999
010	< 0.51	< 0.51	< 0.51	1.0	>99.9999
030	<1.01	1.8	2.5	3.0	>99.9999
050	2.0	3.0	4.0	5.0	>99.9999
070	3.5	5.0	6.0	7.0	>99.9999
100	6.5	7.5	9.0	10.0	99.2
120	7.0	9.0	11.0	12.0	96.5
150	8.0	10.0	13.0	15.0	88.0
200	10.0	14.0	18.0	20.0	84.8
300	14.0	18.0	26.0	30.0	67.0
400	20.0	30.0	35.0	40.0	48.3
700	32.0	50.0	70.0	_ 2	34.0
900	50.0	78.0 <sup>1</sup>	90.01	_ 2	25.0
1200	60.0	100.0 <sup>1</sup>	120.0 <sup>1</sup>	_ 2	10.0

<sup>1</sup> Extrapolated values.

For more information on Profile II filter cartridges see Element Data Sheet E1.

### Table 4 - Profile II Plus Cartridge Filters Removal Ratings

	Removal Rating Inde (µm at % Efficiency)	Bacteria <sup>2</sup> Endotoxin Removal Capacity			
Cartridge Grade	90%	99.98%	(Endotoxin Units/ 10" Cartridge)		
003Z	<0.51	<0.51	>1.6 x 10 <sup>8</sup>		
005Z	<0.51	0.5 <sup>1</sup>	>1.6 x 10 <sup>8</sup>		
007Z	<0.51	0.71	>1.6 x 10 <sup>8</sup>		
010Z	<0.51	1.0	>1.6 x 10 <sup>8</sup>		
030Z	<1.01	3.0	>1.6 x 10 <sup>8</sup>		
050Z	2.0	5.0	>1.6 x 10 <sup>8</sup>		

Extrapolated values.

For more information on Profile II Plus filter cartridges see Element Data Sheet E1Z.

### Table 5 - Profile A/S Filter Cartridges Removal Ratings

Cortridge	Liquid Service Removal Rating, µm					
Cartridge Grade	90%	99%	99.9%	99.98%		
050	<1.0 <sup>1</sup>	2.5	4.0	5.0		
100	6.0	8.0	9.0	10.0		
200	11.0	15.0	18.0	20.0		
400	15.0	20.0	30.0	40.0		
700	20.0	30.0	50.0	70.0 <sup>1</sup>		

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Extrapolated values.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Precise evaluation of the 100% removal efficiency for these coarse grades is not possible with the test procedure utilized.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> The test containment, dioctyl phthalate (DOP) is a 0.3 μm suspension in air. Air flow used for these data was 20 CFM/10" cartridge, except grade 700 and coarser, which were run at 4 CFM.

One endotoxin unit is equal to 0.10 nanograms of E. Coli 055:B5 endotoxin. Cartridges were challenged with 1.6 x 10<sup>8</sup> Endotoxin Units (E.U.) without passing any detectable amount of endotoxin (<0.5 EU/ml).</p>

### Table 6 - Profile II and Profile II Plus Filter Cartridges Flow

### **Characteristics**

Profile II				Clean Pressure Drop	Typical
and Profile II Plus (Z) Cartridge Grades	Aqueous Serv Per 10" Cartri Polypropylene	dge <sup>1</sup>		Gas Service CFM of Air/PSI Per 10" Cartridge <sup>2</sup>	Aqueous Flow GPM/10″ Cartridge
Grades	Profile II Cartridges All Series	Profile II Plus Cartridges All Series	Profile A/S Cartridges	Profile II and Profile II Plus Cartridges All Series	
003(Z)	3.5	4.5	_	2.3	1 – 2.0
005(Z)	2.8	3.5	_	2.7	1 – 2.5
007(Z)	2.7	2.7	_	3.1	1 – 2.5
010(Z)	2.6	2.6	_	3.6	1 – 3.0
030(Z)	1.5	1.5	_	6.4	2 – 5
050(Z)	0.8	0.8	_	11.0	3 – 8
070	0.5	-	_	17.0	5 – 12
100	0.3	-	0.35	29.0	6 – 15
120	0.2	_	_	36.0	6 – 15
150	0.15	_	_	44.0	8 – 15
200	0.10	_	0.10	75.0	10 – 15
300	0.08	_	_	119.0	10 – 15
400	0.05	_	0.09	207.0	10 – 15
700	< 0.05	_	0.03	415.0	10 – 15
900	< 0.05	_	_	640.0	10 – 15
1200	< 0.05	_	_	1000.0	10 – 15

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Pressure drop in PSI per GPM for a single 10" cartridge. For multiple elements, divide by the number of cartridges. For fluids other than water, multiply by the viscosity in centipoise.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> For longer cartridges, increase the flow rates in proportion. The flow rates listed do not take into account pressure losses due to flow in the internal diameter of the elements which become significant above about 40 to 60 CFM.



Profile II and Profile II Plus Filter Cartridges

# Table 7 – Housing Selection

Element	Housing	Materials of	Stacking	Flow Range	Maximum Pressure/	Allowable	Housing  Data
Style	Series	Construction	Array	(GPM)	PSIG	°F	Sheets*
RF, RMF	PC401	Carbon Steel or 316 Stainless Steel	1 x 10″ 1 x 20″ 1 x 30″	to 15 to 30 to 38	400	300	H14
	PC04	Carbon Steel or 316 Stainless Steel	4 x 10" 4 x 20" 4 x 30"	to 120 to 120 to 120	230 215	300 300	H15
	PC07	Carbon Steel or 316 Stainless Steel	7 × 20″ 7 × 30″ 7 × 40″	to 210 to 368 to 420	230	300	H16
	PC15	Carbon Steel or 316 Stainless Steel	15 x 20" 15 x 30" 15 x 40"	to 340 to 480 to 675	230	300	H17
	P23	Carbon Steel or 316 Stainless Steel	23 x 30" 23 x 40"	to 820 to 1240	205	300	H18
	P38	Carbon Steel or 316 Stainless Steel	38 x 30" 38 x 40"	to 1630 to 1930	200	300	H19
AB Code	ALI in-line flow sanitary**	316L Stainless Steel	1 x 5", 10", 20", 30", 40"	to 20	150	284	
7	ALT "T" -flow sanitary**	316L Stainless Steel	1 x 10", 20", 30", 40"	to 20	150	284	
	CLL4	316L Stainless Steel	1 x 10", 20", 30"	to 20	400	250	H26
	STL03 "T" -flow sanitary multistack	316L Stainless Steel	3 x 10", 20", 30", 40"	to 100	125	200	_
	STL06 "T" -flow sanitary multistack	316L Stainless Steel	6 x 10", 20", 30", 40"	to 200	125	200	_
	STL10 "T" -flow sanitary multistack	316L Stainless Steel	10 x 20", 30", 40"	to 200	125	200	_
	PCY	Polypropylene	1 x 10", 20"	to 15	150	100	H39

 $<sup>{}^\</sup>star \text{For more information on the housings listed see the appropriate Housing Data Sheet.}$ 

<sup>\*\*</sup>Available with 50psig/3.4 bar at 300°F/149°C 316 SS jackets.

### Removal Ratings - Bringing Order to Confusion!

There is no universally accepted system for determining removal ratings of cartridge filters in liquid service. As an example, a number of depth type filters rated at 1 micrometer ( $\mu$ m) were evaluated using a modified OSU F-2 test method (see below) and were found to have absolute ratings of 15 to 25  $\mu$ m. All had virtually no removal at 1  $\mu$ m. Rating methods used by the vari-

ous manufacturers may be arbitrary and results obtained by different methods cannot be compared.

The OSU F-2 test method developed at Oklahoma State University in the 1970's has received wide acceptance for use on lubricating and hydraulic fluids. Pall Corporation uses this method for its oils extensively, and has adapted it for use with water in the range from 0.5 to 30 µm. A second modification uses oil and covers the range from 40 to 120 µm.

### Profile II Replacement Filters

Some competitive elements deviate greatly from their assigned ratings. For example, one element rated at 0.5  $\mu$ m nominal, had an efficiency of 90% at 8  $\mu$ m and virtually zero efficiency at 0.5  $\mu$ m in the modified F-2 test. A 1 $\mu$ m rated element of the same brand had a 90% efficiency at 6  $\mu$ m! Both can be replaced by 10  $\mu$ m rated Profile II elements which offer about equal removal and a probable two to four-fold increase in life.

Table 8 lists the nearest equivalent Profile II element to some of the more commonly used depth type filters. Therefore, in virtually all cases, when the contaminant added values were compared at equal efficiency, the Profile II element capacity was higher, often by a factor of two to three or more. Life in service may be different due to contaminant characteristics and process conditions. In general, longer life will be obtained when a Profile II element replaces a conventional depth filter with equal or similar OSU F-2 removal efficiency values.

### Table 8 - Replacing Conventional Depth Filters with Profile II Elements

Manufacturer	Material	Part Number	Manufacturers Rating µm	Nearest Equivalent Profile II Element Rating µm
Cuno	Cotton String Wound	DCCFY	1	15
	S .	DCCFA	3	15
		DCCFB	5	40
		DCCFC	10	40
		DCCFF	25	40
	Polypropylene String Wound	DPPFY	1	30
	31 13	DPPFA	3	40
		DPPFB	5	40
		DPPFC	10	40
		DPPFF	25	70
	Molded Fiber	G78A3	3	30
		G78B3	5	40
		G78C8	10	70
		G78F3	25	70
	Polyethylene Coated Polypropylene	AU9A11N	3	15
	Polyethylene Coated Polypropylene	AU9B11N	5	30
	Polyethylene Coated Polypropylene	AU9C11N	10	40
Commercial	Cotton String Wound	39R10	1	10
Commission	John James Walla	27R10	3	15
		23R10	5	20
		19R10	10	30
		15R10	20	40
	Polypropylene	MBC10M10A	10	10
	. c.yp. opylene	MBC20M10A	20	20
		MBC40M10A	40	30
Hytrex	Polypropylene	GX01	1	30
,	. c.yp. opylene	GX03	3	30
		GX05	5	70
		GX10	10	70
		GX20	20	70
Nippon Roki	Polypropylene	HT10	0.1	7
	, p	HT20	0.2	5
		HT30	0.3	7
		HT40	0.4	7
		HT50	0.5	10
		HT55	0.5	15
		HT60	0.6	20
		HT60a	0.7	15
		HT80	0.8	20
				_

## Table 9 - Profile II Compatibility Data

Chemical Classification	Examples	Polypropylene	Nylon	Polyphenylene Sulfide
Inorganic Acids	GR	Т	NR GR	
Organic Acids	Acetic	GR	Т	GR
Bases (Alkalies)	Sodium Hydroxide, Potassium Hydroxide Amines, Quaternary Ammonium Hydroxide	GR	T	GR
Salt Solutions	Aluminum Chloride, Sodium Sulfate, Sodium Nitrate	GR	Т	T
Brines	Sodium Chloride, Potassium Chloride, Sodium Bromide, Calcium Chloride	GR	Т	GR
Oxidizers	Peroxides, Peracids	NR	NR	NR
Organic Solvents	Ethers, Esters, Amides, Ketones Alcohols, Cellosolves, Glycols Aromatics (Benzene, Toluenes, Xylenes) Petroleum Products (Gasoline, Kerosene) Hydrocarbons (Hexane, Octane, Fats, Oils, Petroleum Ether)	GR GR NR NR	GR GR GR GR GR	GR GR T GR
	Halogenated Hydrocarbons (Methylene Chloride, Perchloroethylene)	T1	T	T
Water (Ambient) (Hot – up to 180°F w (Hot – with oxidants)		GR GR NR	GR NR NR	GR GR T
Air (Ambient & Hot)		NR	NR	 GR
Recommended temperature limits for most organic fluids unless evaluated on an individual basis		150°F	200°F	200°F
Recommended temperature limits for most compatible organic fluids unless evaluated on an individual basis		180°F	200°F	200°F
Maximum temperatu individual basis	ure limits for any fluid after evaluation on an	180°F	300°F	400°F
factors can affect the	presented in this chart is for general guidance only. Because so many chemical resistance of a given product, you should pre-test under your ons observing applicable safety practices such as those given on the	GR=Generally Recoming NR=Not Recommender T=Evaluate on An India	ed	

Material Safety Data Sheet for each chemical. If any doubt exists about specific applications, please contact Pall Corporation.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Recommended maximum temperature must not exceed 90°F.

### Scientific and Laboratory Services

Service for our customers, not only in product quality and delivery, but also in problem solving, system recommendations and sharing of scientific information, is the cornerstone of the Pall Corporation philosophy.

The Scientific and Laboratory Services (SLS) group is composed of highly competent Ph.D. level scientists and engineers, supported by professional laboratory personnel and extensive and specialized laboratory facilities. The SLS main laboratories are in the U.S., Great Britain and Japan, with support locations in over 25 countries, including Canada, Germany, France, Italy, Brazil, Singapore, Korea, Australia, and China.

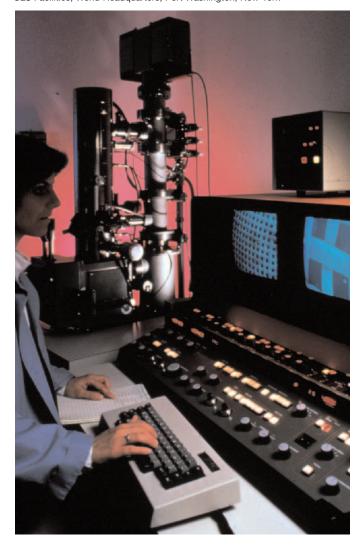
SLS staff, specifically knowledgeable of your industry, will work closely with you in solving difficult contami-

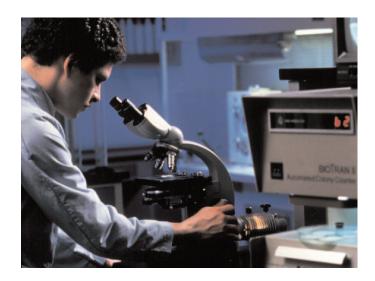
nation control problems and in the selection of the most efficacious and economical Pall filtration systems. This frequently can involve on-site testing, as well as extensive work in our SLS laboratories.

For more information on this service, please call either your local Pall distributor or the appropriate Pall Sales Department at 516-484-5400 in New York State or 888-873-7255 outside the New York area.

As an additional service, Pall provides scientific and technical seminars encompassing the subjects of fluid clarification, filtration, and solids separation. These programs are presented by senior application engineers and scientists, and are available at no cost.

SLS Facilities, World Headquarters, Port Washington, New York







### Worldwide Leadership in Fluid Clarification

Pall Corporation is a world leader in fluid clarification. From its organization in 1946, Pall Corporation has developed products to meet the critical filtration needs of industry: protecting people, products, and systems through the capture and removal of contaminants in a variety of applications. Pall products serve three broad markets which include Fluid Processing, Aeropower and Health Care. The company is different from other filter companies for three important reasons:

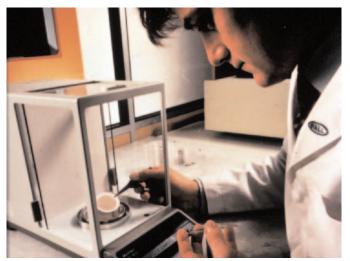
- Pall is a highly integrated manufacturer and leader in the development and production of filter media which are made by a variety of proprietary methods which include metallurgy, papermaking, chemical deposition, plastic extrusion, and others.
- Pall is the leader in design and manufacture of sophisticated housings that encase the filter cartridges.

 Pall has vast technical resources. The unique human resource, the Scientific Laboratory Services (SLS)
 Department, is staffed with skilled engineers and scientists and equipped with the most sophisticated analytical instruments available to help solve the complex contamination problems associated with fluid clarification.

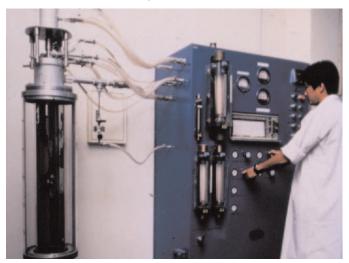
Pall products are readily available around the world. Regardless of the location of your plant or project, Pall has a manufacturing facility, regional office or distributor nearby, with a ready stock of many products. Pall products, from any Pall manufacturing plant, will be identical in performance.

For more than 50 years Pall has followed a simple, but important credo which is called **EESES**. Pall strives to do what eases the way for our customers by providing **E**ase of use, **E**conomy of use, **S**afety, **E**fficacy, and **S**ervice with each product sold around the world.

SLS Facilities, Pall Europe, Ltd., Portsmouth, England



SLS Facilities, Nihon Pall, Ltd., Japan









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Filtration. Separation. Solution.sm

#### Visit us on the Web at www.pall.com

Pall Corporation has offices and plants throughout the world in locations including: Argentina, Australia, Austria, Belgium, Brazil, Canada, China, France, Germany, India, Indonesia, Ireland, Italy, Japan, Korea, Malaysia, Mexico, the Netherlands, New Zealand, Norway, Poland, Puerto Rico, Russia, Singapore, South Africa, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Taiwan, Thailand, United Kingdom, United States, and Venezuela. Distributors are located in all major industrial areas of the world.

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